1. Introduction

Achtung

• I've noticed that the course title can be misleading—let me clarify: "Deep Learning **Theory**"

- Drop this course, if:
 - This is your first deep learning course
 - You want to understand why deep learning works
 - You want to learn how convolution, self-attention works
 - You don't know how to prove mathematical claims

Take "Deep Learning" instead

"Science of DL" usually helps more

We talk about MLP all the day

That's all we do in this course

Achtung

• As an example, you'll be proving claims like this the whole semester:

Theorem

Let continuous $g: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$ and $\epsilon > 0$ be given. Choose $\delta > 0$ so that

$$||x - x'||_{\infty} \le \delta \longrightarrow |g(x) - g(x')| \le \epsilon$$

holds. Then, there exists a 3-layer network $f(\cdot)$ with $\Omega(1/\delta^d)$ ReLU neurons, with

$$\int_{[0,1]^d} |f(x) - g(x)| \, \mathrm{d}x \le 2\epsilon$$

- If you don't like what we are doing, let's not waste our time;)
 - Busy, aren't we?

Then why theory?

- A few reasons:
 - Theories give you perspectives
 - e.g., "information theory" views signal processing as a matter of preserving information.
 - Theories equip you formal logic
 - formalizing your intuition to a precise statement
 - Experiments are getting more and more expensive nowadays
 - to quote Misha Gromov: "math is a part of physics where experiments are cheap"
 - need a correct and useful mathematical model, of course



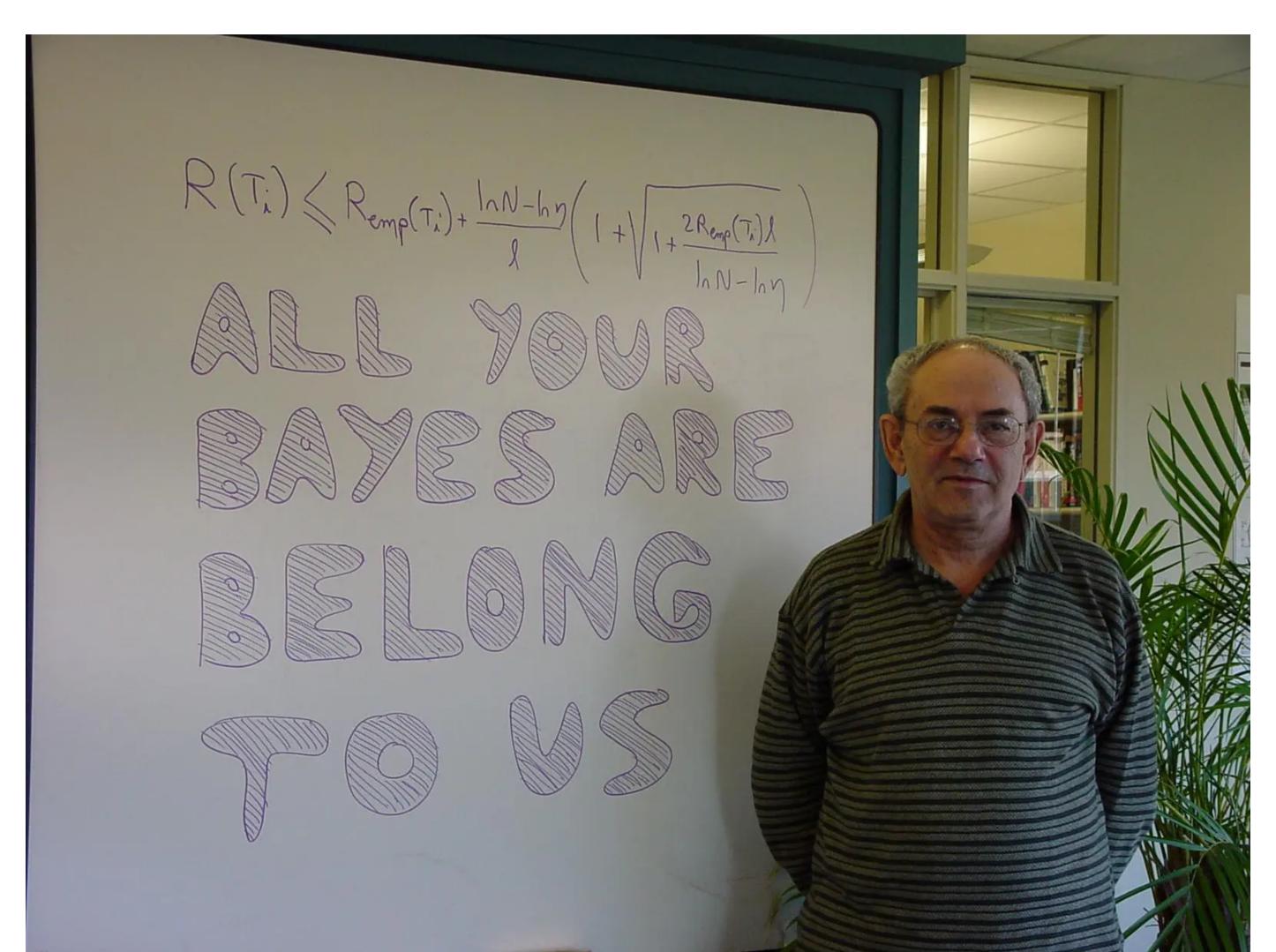
Then why theory?

- By taking theory courses, I expect you to do the followings
 - Decorate your ML algorithms paper with theorems.
 - Motivate new ML algorithms from theories
 - Demystify your empirical observations
 - Deduce new knowledge
 - Have fun

(from the easiest to the hardest)

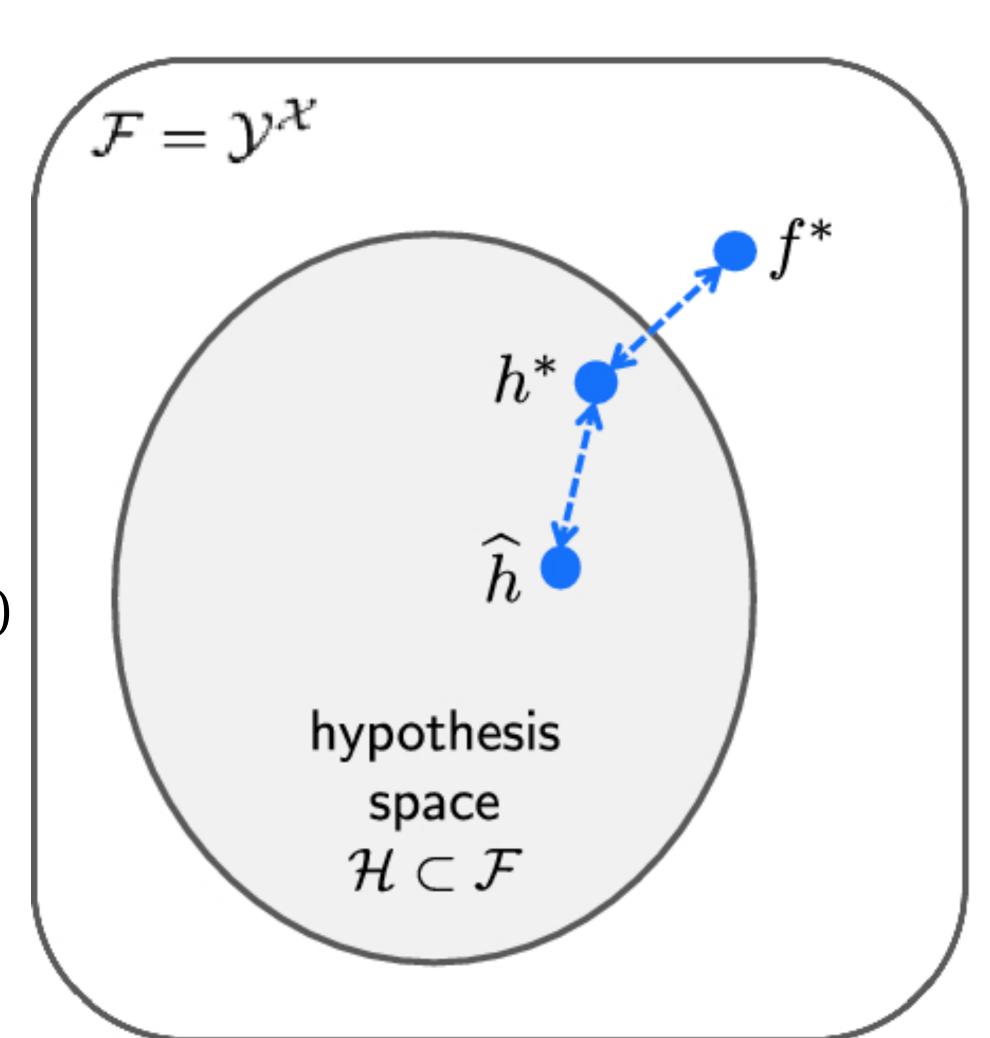
In this course

- We are going to take a framework, that is known as statistical learning theory
 - More frequentist than Bayesian



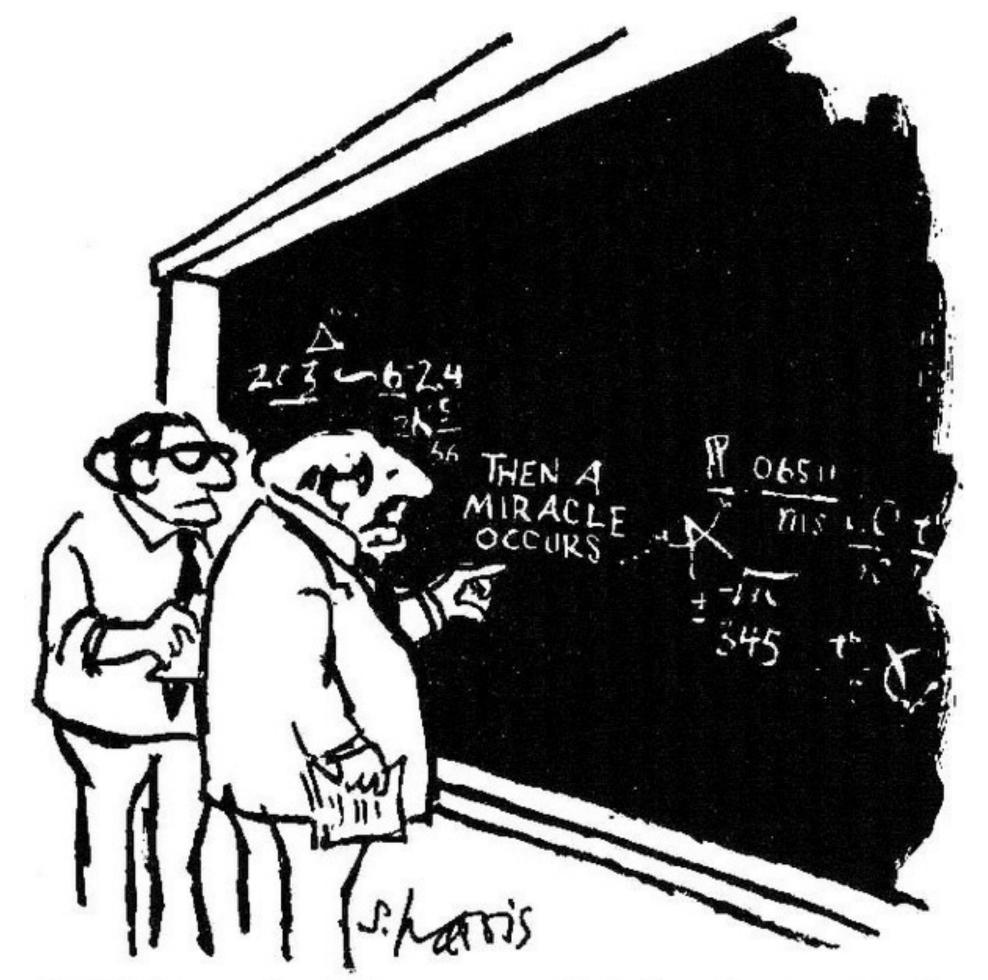
In this course

- Treat neural networks as a parameterized set of functions
 - also known as hypothesis space
- We ask the questions like:
 - How expressive is this set?
 - How well can we optimize over this set?
 - How generalizable are the optimized solutions?
- We care about theoretical guarantees that we can (or cannot) do certain things
 - e.g., under condition X, an event Y will happen, with probability at least Z



Caveat

- We focus on classical theories, which have failed to fully explain "why deep learning works":
 - However...
 - we don't have a better option;(
 - modern theories still build on these
- Proofs will be somewhat informal
 - Focus on delivering intuitions
 - In fact, typical in actual papers
 - See the textbook for the full proof
 - Or even better, do it yourself



"I think you should be more explicit here in step two."

Administrivia

Team

• Instructor

- Jaeho Lee 이재호
- jaeho.lee@postech.ac.kr
- Lectures, Q&A

Teaching Assistant

- Byung-Ki Kwon 권병기
- byungki.kwon@postech.ac.kr
- Assignments, Attendance

Locations & Hours

• Lectures

• Engineering Building 2, Hall 109

Office Hours

- GoAround Coffee @ RIST
- Mondays, 5PM 6PM

Materials

- https://jaeho-lee.github.io Lecture notes
- PLMS Assignments and videos

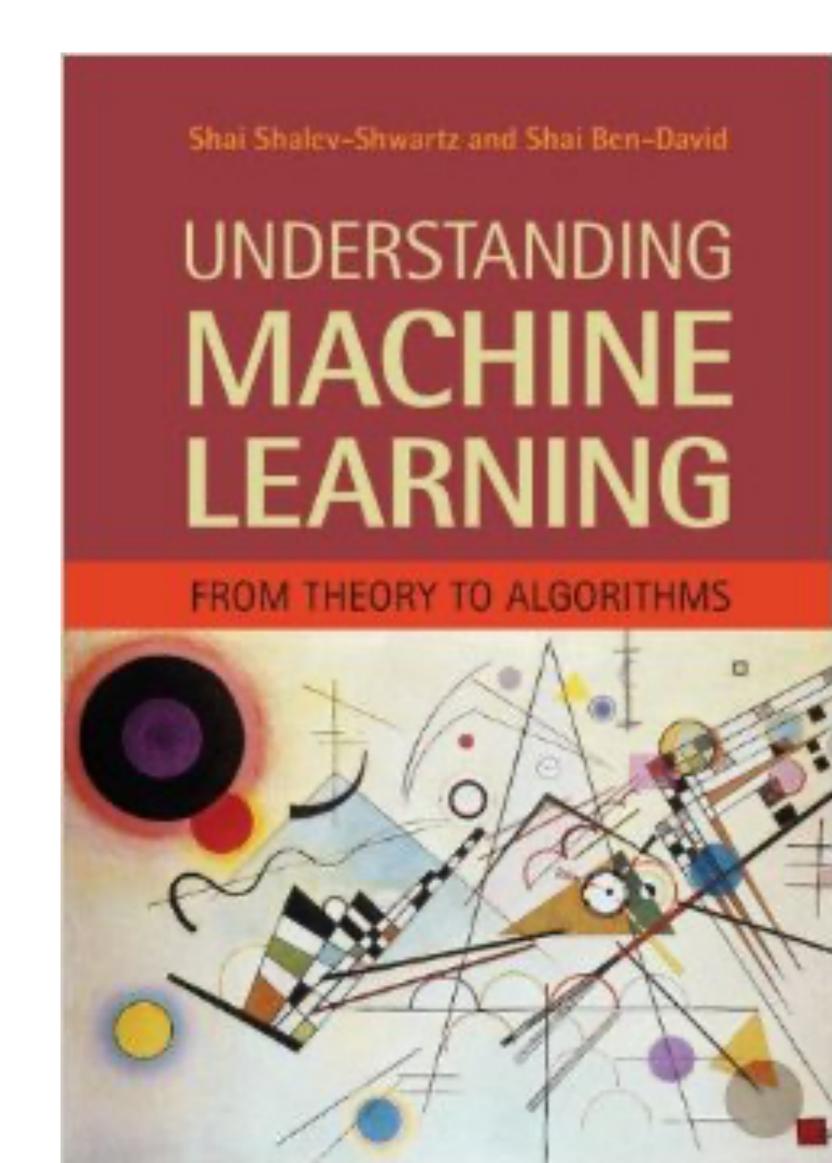
Textbooks

Main

- MJT's lecture note: https://mjt.cs.illinois.edu/dlt/index.pdf
 - We'll use the old version
 - There is a new version too, which is incomplete (sadly)

Sub

- SSS & SBD (GOAT)
- https://www.cs.huji.ac.il/~shais/UnderstandingMachineLearning/



Grading

- Attendance (10%)
- Assignments (30%)
 - Planning to give you 3 homework assignments
- Mid-term (30%)
 - New this semester
- Final Project (30%)
 - Prove a new result, relevant to your research (Best)
 - Read a recent paper and write a 3-page report to summarize it
 - Describe the main result, and prove it in a self-contained manner
 - You may make simplifying assumptions, for the sake of clarity
 - The paper should have been published in 2024 or 2025

Attendance

(unless others experienced the same issue)

- Please use the **electronic attendance** system
- You'll get an **F**, if you miss **more than 3** classes.
 - What does not count:
 - "I was there, but I forgot to ..."
 - "The system did not work ..."
 - "I had a group event..."
 - What counts, conditionally:
 - International Conference if you are the first author
 - Sickif you can prove it
 - Family emergency if you can prove it

Prerequisites

- I'll assume that you know:
 - How to formally prove things
 - Deep learning
 - Real analysis (bits)
 - Probability and random processes (bits)

Honor codes

- You'll get an **F**, if:
 - Sharing solutions
 - Copying solutions
 - "Collaborating" with your friends for homework
 - Use me or TA instead
 - Using GPT for proofs
 - Again, miss more than 3 classes